

FYNE HOMES LIMITED

GROUP REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND ADVISERS

Management Committee

J McMillan, Chairperson

S MacLeod, Vice Chairperson

D Herriott, Secretary (appointed 30 June 2022)

P Wallace

A C Harrison

M Lang

P Lingard

R Henshelwood

L McCabe (appointed 6 October 2021)

A Jones (co-opted 9 March 2022)

D Wilkinson (resigned 30 September 2021)

T McKay (resigned 22 September 2021)

K Finlay (appointed 30 September 2021, resigned 30 June

2022)

Executive Officers

I MacPhail, Chief Executive (appointed 4 April 2022)

C Renfrew, Chief Executive (retired 31 March 2022)

J McAlister, Technical Services Director

S Cole, Business Services Director

T Robertson, Housing Services Director

L Haemmerle, Human Resources Director

Bankers

Bank of Scotland 36/42 Montague Street

Rothesay

PA20 0BT

Registered Office

81 Victoria Street

Rothesay

Isle of Bute

PA20 0AP

Auditor

Azets Audit Services Limited

Chartered Accountants

Titanium 1

King's Inch Place

Renfrew

PA4 8WF

Solicitors

T C Young

Solicitors

7 West George Street

Glasgow

G2 1BA

Internal auditor

TIAA Limited

Artillery House

Fort Fareham

Newgate Lane

Fareham

PO14 1AH

CONTENTS

	Page
Report of the Management Committee (incorporating the Strategic Report)	1 - 5
Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Fyne Homes Limited on the Financial Statements	6 – 9
Independent Auditor's Report to the Management Committee of Fyne Homes Limited on Corporate Governance Matters	10
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	11
Association Statement of Comprehensive Income	12
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Capital and Reserves	13
Association Statement of Changes in Capital and Reserves	14
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	15
Association Statement of Financial Position	16
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	17
Association Statement of Cash Flows	18
Notes to the Financial Statements	19 - 52

Registration information

Financial Conduct Authority

Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies

Act 2014

Registered number 1454 R (S)

The Scottish Housing Regulator

Housing (Scotland) Act 2010

Registered number 321

Recognised Scottish Charity

SC009152

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The Management Committee present their report (incorporating the Strategic Report) and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Association is the provision of social rented accommodation. The Association has three subsidiary companies, Fyne Futures, Fyne Initiatives Limited and Fyne Energy Limited.

Fyne Futures is a charitable company whose principal activities are focused on environmental sustainability, namely Reuse, Local Produce and Car Club activities which provide employment and training opportunities. The charitable company also delivers a Carbon Reduction programme and performs wider role activities providing support to a range of community regeneration projects across the operational area. The charitable company has been involved in numerous projects during the year; these were mainly, but not exclusively Towards Zero Carbon Bute, Bute Produce and Employment Training.

Fyne Initiatives Limited is a company whose principal activities are to provide design and build services to the Association and the rental of commercial property.

Fyne Energy Limited's principal activity is that of electricity generation. The wind turbines were completed in year ending March 2019, with this now generating income for the group.

Objectives and Strategy

Fyne Homes Corporate Plan identified three main objectives, and this is incorporated into our strategy. These objectives are as follows:

- Meet the needs and aspirations of our customers.
- Meet the housing needs of our customers; and
- Ensure we maintain value for money.

Review of business and future developments

Association

At 31 March 2022 Fyne Homes Limited made a surplus of £1,253,491 (2021: £1,508,601). During the year Fyne Homes Limited invested £1,678,483 (2021: £586,537) in property improvements and continues to provide quality affordable housing.

One development at Cairndow providing 6 units and completed May 2022. The capital spend on developments in the year was £327,466.

As at 31 March 2022, 76.18% of our stock met the Scottish Housing Quality Standard, which is lower than previous years and is due to the Smoke Alarm Legislation.

The Management Committee is satisfied with the progress of the Association over the past year.

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Review of business and future developments (continued)

Fyne Futures

The charitable company generated a surplus in funds of £78,049 (2021: deficit of £77,062) for the year. The net assets of the charitable company were £243,326 on 31 March 2022 (2021: £165,277) and thus the charitable company is in a healthy financial position.

The main achievements in the year included continuation of our community regeneration activities to support the successful delivery of a range of projects, sustaining an income stream, being Bute Produce, Reuse and Car Club activities.

It is hoped that revenue income will increase over the next three years primarily by expanding the existing areas of operation and by adding new income streams where possible.

Fyne Initiatives Limited

The loss after providing for taxation amounted to £2,146 (2021: profit of £77,294). There was a distribution in the form of gift aid to Fyne Homes Limited of £51,405 in the year. The company continues to provide design and build services to the Association as well as generate rental income from its commercial properties. Fyne Initiatives has net assets of £44,110 (2021: £97,661).

Fyne Energy Limited

Fyne Energy Limited, was incorporated on 1 April 2016 in order to run the Kintyre Wind project. Construction was completed in year ended 31 March 2019 and electricity is now being generated. The profit after providing for taxation for the year to 31 March 2022 amounted to £107,317 (2021: loss of £174,828) and the net assets were £191,973 (2021: £351,322).

Risk and Uncertainties

Within Fyne Homes Limited's Risk Register we have identified the following risks which are significant to the Association.

- The financial impact of interest rates and pension contributions increasing.
- Adverse changes to the operating environment.
- Changes in welfare benefits; and
- Loss of IT systems.
- Pandemic or further Covid outbreak

These risks are mitigated as far as possible by the Association and are monitored on a quarterly basis

Financial and non-financial key performance indicators

The financial and non-financial KPIs used to monitor the performance of the Association are as follows:

- Meeting our financial covenants with lenders this was achieved this year and in 2020/21.
- Meeting void targets of 28 days this was not achieved in 2021/22 as the average void period was 66.84 days (2020/21: 77.15 days) due to difficult to let properties and Covid restrictions.
- Achieving a rent loss target of 2% this was not achieved in 2021/22 the rent loss was 2.9% of total rental income including service charges (2020/21: 2.77%). If you exclude our decant properties used during major works in 2021/22 the rental loss would be 1.84% (2020/21: 2.10%).
- Our internal target of completing 95% of emergency repairs within 6 hours was achieved in 2021/22 with a completion rate of 97% (2020/21: completion rate of 97%); and
- Our internal target of completing 95% of urgent repairs within 3 working days was not achieved in 2021/22 with a completion rate of 86% (2020/21: 86%) which was out with our control as we were unable to gain access to some properties, mainly due to Covid restrictions

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Financial and non-financial key performance indicators (continued)

Fyne Homes Limited like other RSLs completes the annual return on the Scottish Social Housing Charter. The Charter sets out the standards and outcomes that we are aiming to achieve in relation to: - Equalities, Customer & Landlord Relationship, Housing Quality and Maintenance, Neighbourhood and Community, Access to Housing & Support and Good Value from Rents and Service Charges. Each year the Scottish Housing Regulator publish reports about each landlords' performance against the Charter. This enables us to benchmark our performance against other RSLs. Our 2019/20 overall performance was slightly below the Scottish average. The full 2020/21 report can be accessed on the Scottish Housing Association's website and the 2021/22 report will be accessible on this website when published.

Governance

The Management Committee and Executive Officers of the Association are listed on the first page of the accounts.

The Management Committee and Executive Officers

Each member of the Management Committee holds one fully paid share of £1 in the Association. The Executive Officers of the Association hold no interest in the Association's share capital and although not having the legal status of directors they act as executives within the authority delegated by the Committee.

The Executive Committee is a committee that can meet at short notice to make decisions without having to wait until the next Management Committee meeting and consists of the chair and convenors of the various sub committees.

The Management Committee meet eight times each year. The Executive Committee meet at least twice a year with one of these meetings held to approve the annual financial statements.

The other sub committees are the Staffing Committee, who meet at least three times a year and the Audit Committee who meet as deemed required.

All members of the Committee receive appropriate training twice a year.

Statement on Internal Financial Controls

The Management Committee acknowledge their ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate to the various business environments in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- The reliability of financial information used within the Association for publication.
- The maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- The safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Management Committee's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. Key elements include ensuring that:

- (a) Formal policies and procedures are in place, including the documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authorities, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised use of the Association's assets.
- (b) Experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions. Annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance.
- (c) Forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the Management Committee and management to monitor the key business risks and financial objectives, and progress towards financial plans set out for the year. During the financial year, regular management accounts are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable, and up to date financial and other information. Significant variances from budgets are investigated as appropriate.

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Statement on Internal Financial Controls (continued)

- (d) All significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures, through the relevant sub-committees which are comprised of Management Committee members.
- (e) The Association has appointed a firm of accountants, on a consultancy basis, as internal auditor with the specific responsibility of assessing the adequacy and reliability of the system of internal financial controls. The results of such reviews are reported to the Audit Committee.
- (f) The Management Committee reviews reports from the external auditor to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed; and
- (g) Formal practices have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct weaknesses identified from the reports of the external auditor and the internal auditor.

The Management Committee have reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal control in existence in the Association for the year ended 31 March 2022. No weaknesses were found in internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies or uncertainties which require disclosure in the financial statements or in the auditor's report on the financial statements.

Statement of the Management Committee's Responsibilities

The Management Committee is responsible for preparing the annual report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and registered social housing legislation require the Management Committee to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and the Group and of the income and expenditure of the Association and the Group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Management Committee is required to:

- i. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- ii. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- iii. state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- iv. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association and the Group will continue in business.

The Management Committee is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association and to enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 as issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator. It has general responsibility for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the Association and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Management Committee is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Association's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Disclosure of information to the auditor

To the knowledge and belief of each of the persons who are members of the Management Committee at the time the report is approved:

- so far as the Association's Committee members are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware; and
- the Management Committee members have taken all the steps they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to ensure that the auditor is aware of any such information.

Auditor

The external audit work was put out to tender during the year, with Azets Audit Services the preferred bidder.

A resolution to re-appoint Azets Audit Services as auditor will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Management Committee

Chairperson

Dated: 14 September 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FYNE HOMES LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Fyne Homes Limited (the "Parent Association") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the Consolidated and Association Statements of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated and Association Statements of Changes in Capital and Reserves, the Consolidated and Association Statements of Financial Position, the Consolidated and Association Statements of Cash Flows and the notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and Parent Association's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of the Group's and Parent Association's income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Co-operative and Community Benefits Societies (Group Accounts) Regulations 1969, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and the Parent Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Management Committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Parent Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Management Committee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Management Committee is responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FYNE HOMES LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Other information

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained by the Parent Association; or
- the Parent Association has not kept proper accounting records; or
- the Parent Association's financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we need for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Management Committee

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Management Committee 's Responsibilities set out on page 4, the Management Committee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Management Committee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management Committee is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management Committee either intend to liquidate the Group or the Parent Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above and on the FRC's website, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FYNE HOMES LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

We obtain and update our understanding of the Group and the Parent Association, their activities, their control environment, and likely future developments, including in relation to the legal and regulatory framework applicable and how the Group and the Parent Association are complying with that framework. Based on this understanding, we identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. This includes consideration of the risk of acts by the entity that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities, and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the Group and the Parent Association through discussions with the Management Committee members and the senior management team, and from our knowledge and experience of the RSL sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect
 on the financial statements or the operations of the Group and the Parent Association, including the
 Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Co-operative and Community Benefits
 Societies (Group Accounts) Regulations 1969, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010, the
 Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator, taxation
 legislation and data protection, anti-bribery, employment, environmental and health and safety
 legislation;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of the senior management team and the Management Committee and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of the Management Committee and relevant sub-committees;
- enquiring of the senior management team and the Management Committee as to actual and potential litigation and claims;
- reviewing legal and professional fees paid in the year for indication of any actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- reviewing correspondence with HMRC, the Scottish Housing Regulator, OSCR and the Group's and Parent Association's legal advisors.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FYNE HOMES LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

We assessed the susceptibility of the Group's and the Parent Association's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of the senior management team and the Management Committee as to where they
 considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud;
 and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- · performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Parent Association's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 87 of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Parent Association's members, as a body, those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Parent Association and the Parent Association's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Azets Audit Services Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants Titanium 1 King's Inch Place Renfrew PA4 8WF

Date: 14 September 2022

Azets Audit Services is eligible for appointment as auditor of the Group and the Parent Association by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR TO THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE OF FYNE HOMES LIMITED ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

In addition to our audit of the financial statements, we have reviewed your statement on pages 3 and 4 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis of Opinion

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements on corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2009/4 issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Controls on pages 3 and 4 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

Through our enquiry of certain members of the Management Committee and Officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents, we have satisfied ourselves that the Management Committee's Statement on Internal Financial Controls appropriately reflects the Association's compliance with the information required by the relevant Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls.



Azets Audit Services Chartered Accountants Titanium 1 King's Inch Place Renfrew PA4 8WF

Dated: 14 September 2022

Azets Audit Services is eligible for appointment as auditor of the Group and the Parent Association by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Notes	2022 £	2021 £
4	9,938,160	9,746,680
4	(7,486,411)	(7,032,456)
4	2,451,749	2,714,224
	(1,092)	(67,869)
14	u.	15,000
10	(1,028,692)	(1,310,516)
9		1,000
5c	(133,333)	-
	1,288,632	1,351,839
11	(169,992)	1,520
	1,118,640	1,353,359
26 27	888,000 499,000	(1,319,000) (347,000)
	2,505,640	(312,641)
	4 4 4 14 10 9 5c	£ 4 9,938,160 4 (7,486,411) 4 2,451,749 (1,092) 14 - 10 (1,028,692) 9 - 5c (133,333) 1,288,632 11 (169,992) 1,118,640 26 888,000 499,000

The results for the year relate wholly to continuing activities.

The notes form part of these financial statements.

ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Turnover	4	7,752,767	7,789,244
Less: Operating expenditure	4	(6,154,854)	(5,678,072)
Operating surplus	4	1,597,913	2,111,172
Gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		408	(67,869)
Interest receivable and other income	9	16,915	18,106
Interest payable and similar charges	10	(546,482)	(552,808)
Distribution from subsidiary – Gift aid		184,737	-
Surplus for the year		1,253,491	1,508,601
Other comprehensive income Actuarial gain/(loss) on SHAPS liability Actuarial gain/(loss) on the Strathclyde Pension fund liability	26 27	888,000 499,000	(1,319,000) (347,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year		2,640,491	(157,399)

The results for the year relate wholly to continuing activities.

The notes form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Share Capital £	Revenue Reserves £	Total Reserves £
Balance as at 1 April 2021 Total Comprehensive Income for the year Share capital issued during the year Share capital cancelled during the year	99 - 1 (7)	28,505,470 2,505,640 -	28,505,569 2,505,640 1 (7)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	93	31,011,110	31,011,203

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Share	Revenue	Total
	Capital	Reserves	Reserves
	£	£	£
Balance as at 1 April 2020	105	28,818,111	28,818,216
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	(312,641)	(312,641)
Share capital issued during the year	-	-	-
Share capital cancelled during the year	(6)	-	(6)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	99	28,505,470	28,505,569

The notes form part of the financial statements.

ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Share Capital £	Revenue Reserves £	Total Reserves £
Balance as at 1 April 2021 Total Comprehensive Income for the year	99	27,944,081 2,640,491	27,944,180 2,640,491
Share capital issued during the year Share capital cancelled during the year	1 (7)	-	1 (7)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	93	30,584,572	30,584,665

ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Share	Revenue	Total
	Capital	Reserves	Reserves
	£	£	£
Balance as at 1 April 2020 Total Comprehensive Income for the year	105	28,101,480	28,101,585
	-	(157,399)	(157,399)
Share capital issued during the year Share capital cancelled during the year	- (6)	-	(6)
Balance as of 31 March 2021	99	27,944,081	27,944,180

The notes form part of the financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Tangible fixed assets Housing properties Other fixed assets	12 14	61,361,814 13,508,540	60,871,489 14,148,096
		74,870,354	75,019,585
Current assets Stock Debtors (amounts falling due within one year) Cash and cash equivalents	16 17 18	975,120 4,741,363 	58,140 878,264 1,786,278
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(3,853,346)	(8,935,169)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		1,863,137	(6,212,487)
Total assets less current liabilities		76,733,491	68,807,098
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20	(44,854,918)	(38,079,699)
Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability Provision for liabilities	26 27 21b	(97,000) (446,000) (324,370)	(1,155,000) (912,000) (154,830)
Net assets		31,011,203	28,505,569
Capital and reserves		Marie 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-
Share capital Revenue reserve	22a 22b	93 31,011,110	99 28,505,470
		31,011,203	28,505,569

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Management Committee on 14 September 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:



The notes form part of these financial statements.

ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

Tangible fixed assets	,	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Other fixed assets 14 351,562 378,737 Investments 15 2 2 Current assets 61,713,378 61,250,228 Debtors (amounts falling due after more than one year) 17 166,247 180,000 Debtors (amounts falling due within one year) 17 1,158,060 1,008,956 Cash and cash equivalents 18 4,271,954 1,423,440 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (2,816,252) (7,866,835) Net current liabilities 2,780,009 (5,254,439) Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (33,365,722) (25,984,609) Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability 26 (97,000) (1,155,000) Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability 26 (97,000) (1,155,000) Net assets 30,584,665 27,944,180 Capital and reserves 22a 93 99 Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081				_
Investments				
Current assets 61,713,378 61,250,228 Debtors (amounts falling due after more than one year) 17 166,247 180,000 Debtors (amounts falling due within one year) 17 1,158,060 1,008,956 Cash and cash equivalents 18 4,271,954 1,423,440 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (2,816,252) (7,866,835) Net current liabilities 2,780,009 (5,254,439) Total assets less current liabilities 64,493,387 55,995,789 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (33,365,722) (25,984,609) Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability 26 (97,000) (1,155,000) Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability 27 (446,000) (912,000) Net assets 30,584,665 27,944,180 Capital and reserves 22a 93 99 Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081			61,713,376	61,250,226
Current assets Debtors (amounts falling due after more than one year) 17 166,247 180,000 Debtors (amounts falling due within one year) 17 1,158,060 1,008,956 Cash and cash equivalents 18 4,271,954 1,423,440 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (2,816,252) (7,866,835) Net current liabilities 2,780,009 (5,254,439) Total assets less current liabilities 64,493,387 55,995,789 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (33,365,722) (25,984,609) Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability 26 (97,000) (1,155,000) Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability 27 (446,000) (912,000) Net assets Capital and reserves Share capital 22a 93 99 Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081	Investments	15	2	2
Debtors (amounts falling due after more than one year) 17 166,247 180,000 Debtors (amounts falling due within one year) 17 1,158,060 1,008,956 Cash and cash equivalents 18 4,271,954 1,423,440 5,596,261 2,612,396 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (2,816,252) (7,866,835) Net current liabilities 2,780,009 (5,254,439) Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (33,365,722) (25,984,609) Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability 26 (97,000) (1,155,000) Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability 27 (446,000) (912,000) Net assets Capital and reserves Share capital 22a 93 99 Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081			61,713,378	61,250,228
Debtors (amounts falling due within one year) 17 1,158,060 1,008,956 Cash and cash equivalents 18 4,271,954 1,423,440 5,596,261 2,612,396 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (2,816,252) (7,866,835) Net current liabilities 2,780,009 (5,254,439) Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (33,365,722) (25,984,609) Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability 26 (97,000) (1,155,000) Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability 27 (446,000) (912,000) Net assets Capital and reserves Share capital 22a 93 99 Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081	,	17	166,247	180,000
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 5,596,261 (2,816,252) (7,866,835) 2,612,396 (2,816,252) (7,866,835) Net current liabilities 2,780,009 (5,254,439) (5,254,439) Total assets less current liabilities 64,493,387 (25,995,789) 55,995,789 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (33,365,722) (25,984,609) Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability Pension – Strathclyde Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability Pension – Strathcly	Debtors (amounts falling due within one year)			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (2,816,252) (7,866,835) Net current liabilities 2,780,009 (5,254,439) Total assets less current liabilities 64,493,387 55,995,789 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (33,365,722) (25,984,609) Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability 26 (97,000) (1,155,000) Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability 27 (446,000) (912,000) Net assets 30,584,665 27,944,180 Capital and reserves 22a 93 99 Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081	Cash and cash equivalents	18	4,271,954	1,423,440
Net current liabilities 2,780,009 (5,254,439) Total assets less current liabilities 64,493,387 55,995,789 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (33,365,722) (25,984,609) Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability 26 (97,000) (1,155,000) Net assets 30,584,665 27,944,180 Capital and reserves 22a 93 99 Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081			• •	
Total assets less current liabilities 64,493,387 55,995,789 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (33,365,722) (25,984,609) Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability 26 (97,000) (1,155,000) Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability 27 (446,000) (912,000) Net assets 30,584,665 27,944,180 Capital and reserves 22a 93 99 Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(2,816,252)	(7,866,835)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (33,365,722) (25,984,609) Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability 26 (97,000) (1,155,000) Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability 27 (446,000) (912,000) Net assets 30,584,665 27,944,180 Capital and reserves 22a 93 99 Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081	Net current liabilities		2,780,009	(5,254,439)
Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability 26 (97,000) (1,155,000) Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability 27 (446,000) (912,000) Net assets 30,584,665 27,944,180 Capital and reserves 22a 93 99 Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081	Total assets less current liabilities		64,493,387	55,995,789
Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability 27 (446,000) (912,000) Net assets 30,584,665 27,944,180 Capital and reserves 22a 93 99 Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20	(33,365,722)	(25,984,609)
Net assets 30,584,665 27,944,180 Capital and reserves 22a 93 99 Share capital Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081				
Capital and reserves 22a 93 99 Share capital Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081	Pension – Strathdyde Pension Fund defined benefit liability	21	(440,000)	(972,000)
Share capital 22a 93 99 Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081	Net assets		30,584,665	27,944,180
Revenue reserve 22b 30,584,572 27,944,081	Capital and reserves			
	•			- -
30,584,665 27,944,180	1/2/21/1/2 16961/6	220		
			30,584,665	27,944,180

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Management Committee on 14 September 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Chairperson –	Secretary –	Committee member-

The notes form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The notes form part of these financial statemen

		Notes	2022	2021
Net cash generated from operating activities	5	23	£ 4,401,341	£ 5,058,487
Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and e Deferred Government capital grants received	equipment		(2,122,149) 20,000 77,454	(2,242,762) 178,050 212,601
Cash flow from financing activities			(2,024,695)	(1,852,111)
Interest paid New secured loan Repayment of borrowings Break costs and arrangement fees Issue of share capital		÷	(955,160) 10,000,000 (8,199,080)	(1,298,516) 1,748,083 (2,565,412) (856,607)
SHAPS past service deficit repayments			1 (267,322)	(283,397)
			578,439	(3,255,849)
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents			2,955,085	(49,473)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April			1,786,278	1,835,751
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March			4,741,363	1,786,278
(i) Analysis of changes in net debt				
	At 1 April 2021 £	Cash flows £	Other non- cash changes £	At 31 March 2022 £
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash	1,786,278	2,955,085	-	4,741,363
	1,786,278	2,955,085		4,741,363
Borrowings				
Debt due within one year Debt due after one year	(6,742,177) (26,034,355)	(1,800,920)	6,853,244 (6,885,776)	(1,689,853) (32,920,131)
	(32,776,532)	(1,800,920)	(32,532)	(34,609,984)
Total -	(30,990,254)	1,154,165	(32,532)	(29,868,621)

ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

		NI - 4	2022	2024
		Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities		23	3,066,926	3,350,114
Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant, and ed Deferred Government capital grants received Interest received	quipment		(2,083,013) 20,000 77,454 16,915	(2,194,436) 178,050 212,601 17,106
			(1,968,644)	(1,786,679)
Cash flow from financing activities Interest paid New secured loan Repayment of borrowings Break costs and arrangement fees			(472,950) 10,000,000 (7,509,497)	(540,808) 1,748,083 (1,553,095) (856,607)
Issue of share capital SHAPS past service deficit repayments			(267,322)	(283,397)
			1,750,232	(1,485,824)
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents			2,848,514	77,611
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April			1,423,440	1,345,829
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March			4,271,954	1,423,440
(j) Analysis of changes in net debt				
	At 1 April 2021 £	Cash flows £		At 31 March 2022 £
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash	1,423,440	2,848,514		4,271,954
Borrowings	1,423,440	2,848,514	-	4,271,954
Debt due within one year Debt due after one year	(6,051,846) (13,960,796)	(2,545,436)	7,520,141 - (7,497,741)	(1,077,141) (21,458,537)
	(20,012,642)	(2,545,436)	22,400	(22,535,678)
Total	(18,589,202)	303,078	22,400	(18,263,724)

1. General Information

The Group is registered under The Co-operative & Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and comply with the requirements of the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator and Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers issued in 2018.

The presentation currency is pound sterling, and the financial statements are rounded to the nearest whole number.

The Association is a registered social landlord in Scotland and its registered number is 321. The registered address is included in the front page of the financial statements.

The Association is defined as a public benefit entity and thus the Association complies with all disclosure requirements relating to public benefit entities.

2. Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and comply with the requirements of the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 as issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator and the Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers issued in 2018. The principal accounting policies are set out below.

The preparation of these financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Association's accounting policies (see note 3).

A summary of the principal accounting policies is set out below.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting subject to the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The effect of events relating to the year ended 31 March 2022, which occurred before the date of approval of the financial statements by the Management Committee have been included in the statements to the extent required to show a true and fair view of the state of affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of the results for the year ended on that date.

Basis of consolidated accounting policy

These financial statements consolidate those of Fyne Homes Limited and its subsidiary undertakings, Fyne Initiatives Limited, Fyne Energy Limited and Fyne Futures drawn up to 31 March 2022. Surpluses or deficits on intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

Going concern

The Management Committee anticipate that a surplus will be generated by the Group and the Association in the year ended 31 March 2023 and the year ended 31 March 2024. The Group and the Association has a healthy cash position and thus the Management Committee is satisfied that there are sufficient resources in place to continue operating for the foreseeable future. Thus the Management Committee continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Turnover

Fyne Homes Limited

Turnover represents rental and service charge income, factoring service income, and fees or revenue grants receivable from Argyll and Bute Council and from The Scottish Government. Also included is any income from first tranche shared ownership disposals.

Fyne Initiatives Limited and Fyne Energy Limited

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Revenue is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of revenue can be reliably measured.
- It is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- The costs incurred in respect of the transaction can be reliably measured.

Fyne Futures

Income is recognised when the charitable company is entitled to the income, receipt is probable, and the amount can be reliably measured. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- Service Level Agreement (SLA) income is credited to income in the year in which the charitable company is entitled to the income, receipt is probable, and the amount can be reliably measured.
- Donations and grants are recognised when the charitable company is entitled to the income, receipt is probable, and the amount can be measured reliably. Where there are terms or performance related conditions attached, income is recognised to the extent that the conditions have been met. Income received in advance of conditions being met are deferred and released once those conditions are met. Where the grant or donation allows for the recovery by the donor of any unexpended grant, a liability is recognised when repayment becomes probable.
- Any other income from charitable trading activities is recognised when the charitable company becomes entitled to the income, receipt is probable, and the amount can be reliably measured.

Apportionment of management expenses

Direct employee, administration and operating expenditure have been apportioned to the relevant sections of the Statement of Comprehensive Income on the basis of costs of staff directly attributable to the operations dealt with in the financial statements.

Interest receivable and other income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accrual's basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Interest payable and similar charges

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest rate method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

Interest payable during the construction phase of the Windfarm project within Fyne Energy Limited has been capitalised.

Fixed assets - Housing properties

Housing properties are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. The development cost of housing properties includes: -

- 1. Cost of acquiring land and buildings; and
- 2. Development expenditure including administration costs.

These costs are either termed "qualifying costs" by The Scottish Government for approved social housing grant or are considered for mortgage loans by the relevant lending authorities or are met out of the Group and Association's reserves.

All invoices and architects' certificates relating to capital expenditure incurred in the year at gross value are included in the financial statements for the year, provided that the dates of issue or valuation are prior to the year end.

Expenditure on schemes which are subsequently aborted is written off in the year in which it is recognised that the schemes will not be developed to completion.

All costs and grants relating to the share of property sold are removed from the financial statements at the date of sale. Any grants received that cannot be repaid from the proceeds of sale are abated.

Asset which are valued below the de minimums of £500 are not capitalised.

Depreciation

(i) Housing properties

Each housing unit has been split between its major component parts. Each major component is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its expected economic useful life. The following major components and useful lives have been identified by the Group and Association:

Land	-	not depreciated
Structure	-	over 60 years
Roofs	_	over 40 years
Windows	-	
	-	over 25 years
Bathrooms	-	over 20 years
Kitchen	-	over 20 years
Central Heating	-	over 33.3 years
Rewiring	_	over 25 years
Lifts		
	-	over 20 years
Boilers		over 20 years

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation (continued)

(ii) Other fixed assets

Depreciation is charged on other fixed assets so as to write off the asset cost less any recoverable value over its anticipated useful life.

The following rates have been used: -

Heritable Property

4% straight line

Office Equipment

10% reducing balance

Computer and Other Equipment

33.33% straight line

Motor Vehicles **Buildings**

25% reducing balance 2% straight line

Plant and machinery

25% reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings

10% straight line

Land

Depreciation is not provided in respect of Land.

A full year's depreciation is charged in the year of purchase. No charge is made in the year of disposal.

Shared equity housing units held

On completion of construction, shared equity units are held in stock along with the grant received. On completion of the first tranche sale, the Group's obligation ceases, and the cost and grant are derecognised.

Commercial Properties

Commercial properties are valued at their fair value (which is market value) with movement in value recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Windfarm project

All direct costs relating to the Windfarm project have been capitalised.

The three wind turbines have been depreciated from 1 March 2019, the first month following the takeover certificate being issued. The assets are being depreciated over their expected useful lives of 25 years.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

Rental Arrears

Rental arrears are reviewed regularly by management and written down to the amount deemed recoverable. Any provision deemed necessary is shown alongside gross rental arrears in note 17.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Loans

Mortgage loans are advanced by Private Lenders under the terms of individual mortgage deeds in respect of each property or housing scheme. Security can only be provided in respect of these loans once approval by The Scottish Government has been obtained.

Government Capital Grants

Government Capital Grant at amounts approved by The Scottish Government, is paid directly to the Group and Association as required to meet its liabilities during the development process. This is treated as a deferred Government capital grant and is released to income over the useful life of the assets it relates to. The accrual model requires the Group and Association to recognise income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Group and Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Government Revenue Grants

Government revenue grants are recognised using the accrual model which means the Group and Association recognises the grant in income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Group and Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Non-Government Grants

Non-government capital and revenue grants are recognised using the performance model. If there are no performance conditions attached the grants are recognised as revenue when the grants are received or receivable.

A grant that imposes specific future performance related conditions on the recipient is recognised as revenue only when the performance related conditions are met.

A grant received before the revenue recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

Public benefit concessionary loan

In line with FRS 102, the Association has made an accounting policy choice to recognise loans from public benefit entities that are being used to further the Association's core activities as public benefit concessionary loans meaning the loans are recognised at their principal value on initial recognition.

Financial Instruments

The Group and Association only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like rents and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at the present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a rental arrear deferred beyond normal Group and Association terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets are derecognised when contractual rights to the cash flows from the assets expire, or when the Group and Association has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only once the liability has been extinguished through discharge, cancellation, or expiry.

Pensions

The Scottish Housing Association Defined Benefits Pension Scheme and the Strathclyde Pension Fund

The Association participates in The Scottish Housing Associations' Defined Benefits Pension Scheme (SHAPS) and retirement benefits to employees of the Association are funded by the contributions from all participating employers and employees in the scheme. Payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating Associations taken as a whole. The Strathclyde Pension fund is accounted for as a defined benefit scheme and as such the amount charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the estimated regular cost of providing the benefits accrued in the year, adjusted to reflect variations from that cost. The interest cost is included within other finance costs/income. Actuarial gains and losses arising from new valuations and from updating valuations to the reporting date are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

The amount charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the estimated regular cost of providing the benefits accrued in the year, adjusted to reflect variations from that cost. The interest cost is included within other finance costs/income. Actuarial gains and losses arising from new valuations and from updating valuations to the reporting date are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with the assets held separately from the Association in separate trustee administered funds. Full actuarial valuations, by a professionally qualified actuary, are obtained at least every three years, and updated to reflect current conditions at each reporting date.

The pension scheme assets are measured at fair value. The pension scheme liabilities are measured using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency. A pension scheme asset is recognised on the Statement of Financial Position only to the extent that the surplus may be recovered by reduced future contributions or to the extent that the trustees have agreed a refund from the scheme at the reporting date. A pension scheme liability is recognised to the extent that the Association has a legal or constructive obligation to settle the liability.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with the assets held separately from the Association in separate trustee.

Scottish Life 'top up' scheme and Royal London Auto Enrolment scheme

The Group operates these two defined contribution schemes. Employer contributions are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on the accrual's basis.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial Commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3. Judgements in applying policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions which affect reported income, expenses, assets, and liabilities. Use of available information and application of judgement are inherent in the formation of estimates, together with past experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results in the future could differ from such estimates.

The members of the Management Committee consider the following to be critical judgements in preparing the financial statements:

- The categorisation of housing properties as property, plant, and equipment in line with the requirements of the SORP.
- The amount disclosed as "operating surplus" is repetitive of activities that would normally be regarding as "operating".

The Management Committee are satisfied that the accounting policies are appropriate and applied consistently. Key sources of estimation have been applied as follows:

<u>Estimate</u>	Basis of estimation
The valuation of investment properties	The investment properties were valued by an appropriately qualified valuer using market data at the date of valuation.
Useful lives of property, plant and equipment	The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on the knowledge of senior management of the Group, with reference to expected asset life cycles.
The main components of housing properties and their useful lives	The cost of housing properties is split into separately identifiable components. These components were identified by knowledgeable and experienced staff members and based on costing models.
Recoverable amount of rental and other trade receivables	Rental arrears and other trade receivables are reviewed by appropriately experienced senior management team members on a case-by-case basis with the balance outstanding together with the payment history of the individual tenant being taken into account.
The obligations under the SHAPS and Strathclyde pension schemes	This has relied on the actuarial assumptions of qualified actuaries which have been reviewed and are considered reasonable and appropriate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus/(deficit)

Operating Surplus/ (Deficit) £	2,111,172 82,675 (77,062) 579,605 17,834	2,714,224	Operating Surplus £	2,111,172	2,111,172
2021 Operating Expenditure £	(5,400,636) (277,436) (2,109,031) (258,325) (960,481) 1,973,453	(7,032,456)	2021 Operating Expenditure £	(5,400,636) (277,436)	(5,678,072)
Turnover	7,511,808 277,436 2,191,706 181,263 1,540,086 (1,955,619)	9,746,680	Turnover £	7,511,808 277,436	7,789,244
Operating Surplus/ (Deficit)	1,597,913 - 16,838 78,049 892,282 (133,333)	2,451,749	Operating Surplus	1,597,913	1,597,913
2022 Operating Expenditure	(6,009,679) (145,175) (521,744) (330,810) (927,439) 448,436	(7,846,411)	2022 Operating Expenditure £	(6,009,679) (145,175)	(6,154,854)
2022 Operating Turnover Expenditure £	7,607,592 (6,009,679) 145,175 (145,175) 538,582 (521,744) 408,859 (330,810) 1,819,721 (927,439) (581,769) 448,436	9,938,160 (7,846,411)	2022 Operating Turnover Expenditure £	7,607,592 (6,009,679) 145,175 (145,175)	7,752,767 (6,154,854)
Oper. Sxpend £	9		Oper over Expend		

*These are intergroup transactions removed on consolidation including the sales from Fyne Initiatives to Fyne Homes, the management charge from Fyne Homes to Fyne Futures and Fyne Initiatives, and recharged costs from Fyne Homes to the subsidiaries.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus from affordable lettings 5a.

⊆
0
-
+
σ
-77
O
0
S
S,
⋖

	General Needs	Supported Housing	Shared Ownership	2022	2021
Income from rent and service charges Rent receivable net of service charges Service charges	Housing £ 7,279,227 158,529	Accommodation £ 121,869 5,008	Accommodation £ 92,988	Total £ 7,494,084 163,537	Total £ 7,375,452 162,907
Gross income from rents and service charges Less voids	7,437,756 (244,111)	126,877	92,988	7,657,621 (244,111)	7,538,359 (220,633)
Net income from rents and service charges William Woodhouse Strain Fund Grants released from deferred income	7,193,645	126,877	92,988	7,413,510	7,317,726
Total turnover from affordable letting activities	7,387,727	126,877	92,988	7,607,592	7,511,808
Expenditure Management and maintenance administration costs Service charges Planned cyclical maintenance including major repairs Reactive maintenance costs Bad debts – rents and service charges Depreciation of social housing	(2,327,962) (252,463) (559,129) (1,128,818) (48,381) (1,473,061)	(111,084) (5,008) - - (10,785)	(75,201)	(2,514,247) (257,471) (559,129) (1,128,818) (48,381) (1,501,633)	(2,325,297) (128,047) (634,644) (1,043,933) (40,268) (1,228,447)
Operating expenditure for affordable letting activities	(5,789,814)	(126,877)	(92,988)	(6,009,679)	(5,400,636)
Operating surplus on letting activities, 2022 Operating surplus on letting activities, 2021	1,597,913			1,597,913	0 111 170
		With the second			2,111,112

FYNE HOMES LIMITED

Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure, and operating surplus from other activities 5b.

Operating Surplus/ (deficit) 2021	i i	1 1	1	1	t	1	•	ı	1 1		
Operating Surplus/ (deficit) 2022		1 1	1	•	•	1	1	t			
Other operating expenditure 2021	(167,992)	(47,300)	1	1	•	1	(8,766)	1	(40,310)		(277,436)
Other Operating Expenditure 2022	(55,990)	(42,877)	ı	1	•	ı	(5,998)	•	(40,310)	(145,175)	
Total Turnover 2021 £	. 167,992	47,300	1	i	ı	I	8,766	1	40,310		277,436
Total Turnover 2022 £	55,990	-42,877	1	•	•	ı	5,998	1	40,310	145,175	
Other income 2022 £	•	42,877	1	•	1	ı	5,998	1	1 1	48,875	56,066
Supporting people income 2022			•	ı	1		ı	1	1 1		1
Other revenue grants 2022		1 1	•	•	•	•	t	•			13,068
Grants from Scottish Ministers 2022	55,990	1 1	·	1	•	•	ı	•	40,310	96,300	208,302
Association	Stage 3 adaptations Care and repair of	property Factoring Development and	property activities	Support activities	Care activities	Agency/management services for RSLs Other agency /	management services	Developments for sale to RSLs People and	community grant Other activities	Total from other activities, 2022	Total from other activities, 2021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

5c. Donations

During the year, Fyne Energy Limited made a donation of £133,333 (2021: £nil) via its profit distribution agreement to Glenbarr Community Development Association.

6. Directors' emoluments - Group and Association

The directors are defined as the members of the Management Committee and the executive officers (as per the first page of the accounts). No emoluments were paid to any member of the Management Committee during the year. The Group and Association considers key management personnel to be the Management Committee and executive officers of the Association only.

	2022 £	2021 £
Chief Executive (excluding pension contributions) amounted to:	93,753	92,828
Chief Executive (excluding pension contributions) amounted to:	93,753	9.

The Chief Executive (retired 31 March 2022) is an ordinary member of the Association's pension scheme described in note 27. The Association's pension contribution for the Chief Executive in the year amounted to £9,926 (2021: £9,828).

employers' national insura	ance but excl	uding	pension contribu	itions):	391,064	386,231

The pension contributions paid in respect of key management in the year was £57,849 (2021: £53,912)

Total emoluments payable to the number of employees whose emoluments, excluding pension contributions, exceed £60,000 during the year are as follows:

£60,001 - £65,000 £65,001 - £70,000 £70,001 - £75,000 £75,001 - £80,000 £80,001 - £85,000 £85,001 - £90,000 £90,001 - £95,000	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 - - 1
Total emoluments (excluding pension contributions and NI) to those earning more than £60,000	297,298	294,361
Pension contributions to those earning (excluding pension contributions and NI) more than £60,000	43,100	40,810
Total expenses reimbursed in so far as not chargeable to U.K. Income Tax	2,828	2,806

Employee information Group		
The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was:		
	2022	202
	Number	Numbe
Maintenance Operatives	21	1
Administration Staff	40	4
Wardens and Cleaners	2	
	63	
The average number of persons (full time equivalent) employed by the		
Group during the year was:	58	
	2022	2021
	£	£
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments)	1,835,705	1,665,188
Social security costs	166,560	162,220
Pension costs	224,211	235,122
Defined benefit pension charge – SHAPS costs (note 26)	74,322	17,397
Defined benefit pension liability – Strathclyde Pension Fund (note 27)	15,000	12,000
	2,315,798	2,091,927
Included above is £202,135 (2021: £213,098) of maintenance staff cost maintenance costs within note 5a.	s which have b	een allocated
maintenance costs within note 5a. Association	s which have b 2022 Number	2021
maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives	2022	2021 Number
maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives Administration Staff	2022 Number 7 40	2021 Number 7 40
maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives	2022 Number 7	2021 Number 7 40
maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives Administration Staff	2022 Number 7 40	2021 Number 7 40 2
Maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives Administration Staff Wardens and Cleaners	2022 Number 7 40 2	2021 Number 7 40 2
maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives Administration Staff	2022 Number 7 40 2	2021 Number 7 40 2 49
maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives Administration Staff Wardens and Cleaners The average number of persons (full time equivalent) employed by the	2022 Number 7 40 2 ——————————————————————————————————	2021 Number 7 40 2 49 48
maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives Administration Staff Wardens and Cleaners The average number of persons (full time equivalent) employed by the	2022 Number 7 40 2 49	2021 Number 7 40 2 49 48
maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives Administration Staff Wardens and Cleaners The average number of persons (full time equivalent) employed by the	2022 Number 7 40 2 49 48 2022 £ 1,632,084	2021 Number 7 40 2 49 48 2021 £
Maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives Administration Staff Wardens and Cleaners The average number of persons (full time equivalent) employed by the Association during the year was: Staff costs (including directors' emoluments)	2022 Number 7 40 2 49 48 2022 £	2021 Number 7 40 2 49 48 2021 £ 1,545,388 155,172
Maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives Administration Staff Wardens and Cleaners The average number of persons (full time equivalent) employed by the Association during the year was:	2022 Number 7 40 2 49 48 2022 £ 1,632,084 156,395 220,100	2021 Number 7 40 2 49
Maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives Administration Staff Wardens and Cleaners The average number of persons (full time equivalent) employed by the Association during the year was: Staff costs (including directors' emoluments) Social security costs Pension costs Defined benefit pension charge – SHAPS (note 26)	2022 Number 7 40 2 49 48 2022 £ 1,632,084 156,395 220,100 74,322	2021 Number 7 40 2 49 48 2021 £ 1,545,388 155,172 232,670 17,397
Maintenance costs within note 5a. Association The number of persons (head count) employed during the year was: Maintenance Operatives Administration Staff Wardens and Cleaners The average number of persons (full time equivalent) employed by the Association during the year was: Staff costs (including directors' emoluments) Social security costs Pension costs	2022 Number 7 40 2 49 48 2022 £ 1,632,084 156,395 220,100	2021 Number 7 40 2 49

Included above is £202,135 (2021: £213,098) of maintenance staff costs which have been allocated to maintenance costs within note 5a.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

8.	Operating surplus		
	Group	2022 £	2021
	Operating surplus is stated after charging: Depreciation of housing properties (including loss on disposed	1,501,633	£ 1,228,447
	components) Depreciation of other fixed assets Auditor's remuneration	698,927	701,129
	In their capacity as auditorsIn respect of other servicesIn respect of internal audit	33,165 7,732	31,225 6,042
	- in respect of internal audit	8,532 ————	1,728
	Association	2022	2021
	Operating surplus is stated after charging: Depreciation of housing properties (including loss on disposed	£ 1,501,633	£ 1,228,447
	components) Depreciation of other fixed assets Auditor's remuneration	104,238	107,353
	In their capacity as auditorsIn respect of other servicesIn respect of internal audit	16,000 1,056	15,000 1,055
	- in respect of internal addit	8,532	1,728 ————
9.	Interest receivable and other income		
	Group	2022	2021
	SHAPS defined benefit pension scheme – interest income (note 26)	£	1,000 ======
	Association		
		2022 £	2021 £
	SHAPS defined benefit pension scheme – interest income (note 26) Interest receivable on loan to subsidiary	16,915	1,000 17,106
		16,915	18,106

2021
£
1,298,516 -
12,000
1,310,516
2021 £
12,000
552,808
2021 £
- (1,520)
(1,520)

No tax was due in 2022 or 2021 in respect of Fyne Homes Limited and Fyne Futures as both entities are registered charities. No tax was due in 2022 or 2021 in respect of Fyne Energy Limited due to the use of capital allowances and gift aid (only 2022). No tax was due in respect of Fyne Initiatives Limited in 2022 due to the loss incurred however there was a £452 under provision in the prior year.

There was a deferred tax charge in respect of Fyne Energy Limited of £169,540 (2021: credit of £1,520).

The deferred tax provision at the year-end was £324,370 (2021: £154,830) in Fyne Energy Limited due to unutilised capital allowances and losses carried forward. This was fixed asset timing differences of £825,221 (2021: £365,331) less losses and other deductions of £500,851 (2021: £210,501).

Association

The Association is a Registered Charity and is therefore exempt from Corporation Tax on its charitable activities. No corporation tax was due on the non-charitable activities in the year (2021: £nil).

Factors that may affect future tax charge

There are no such factors.

12.	Tangible fixed assets – Group and Association				
		Housing Properties Held for Letting £	Housing Properties In Course of Construction	Shared Ownership Properties Held for Letting £	Total £
	Cost At 1 April 2021 Additions in the year	63,835,274	2,547,472	1,077,084	67,459,830
	unitscomponentsTransfers in the year	1,678,483 1,385,875	327,466 - (1,385,875)		327,466 1,678,483
	Disposals in the year - units - components	(15,792) (297,751)	-	-	(15,792) (297,751)
	At 31 March 2022	66,586,089	1,489,063	1,077,084	69,152,236
	Depreciation At 1 April 2021 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal	6,464,687 1,241,687	· -	123,654 17,787	6,588,341 1,259,474
	- units - components	(1,801) (55,592)	-	-	(1,801) (55,592)
	At 31 March 2022	7,648,981		141,441	7,790,422
	Net Book Value At 31 March 2022	58,937,108	1,489,063	935,643	61,361,814
	At 31 March 2021	57,370,587	2,547,472	953,430	60,871,489

The proceeds of property disposals in the year was £20,000 (2021: £178,050). These units cost £15,792 (2021: £80,474) and had accumulated depreciation of £1,801 (2021: £7,974). Government grant of £20,000 (2021: £105,550) is due to be repaid in respect of these disposals. HAG of £NIL (2021: £67,869) was paid in the year in respect of previous property disposals.

Additions to housing properties during the year included no capitalised interest (2021: £nil) and no capitalised administration costs (2021: £nil). All properties are freehold. The cost of new components capitalised in the year was £1,678,483 (2021: £586,537).

Components with a cost of £297,751 (2021: £53,850) and accumulated depreciation of £55,592 (2021: £6,668) were disposed of in the year.

The net book value of the properties which are secured is £42,984,537 (2021: £40,248,468). Included in housing properties held for letting is land with a carrying value of £11,800,367 (2021: £11,597,464).

13. Property Stock

The number of units of accommodation owned by the Association was as follows: -

	Units in Management 2022	Units in Management 2021	Units under Development 2022	Units under Development 2021
Unimproved New Build Improved	1 870 682	2 864 683	-	6
General Needs Housing	1,553	1,549		6
Shared Ownership Accommodation Supported Housing Accommodation	38 30	38 30	· •	-
Total Housing Stock	1,621	1,617		-
Other Property	4	4		
Commercial Heritable – Association's offices	1 5	1 5	-	
Total Other Property	6	6	-	-
Group				
Commercial	8	9	-	-
Heritable – Association's offices	5	5	-	-
Total	13	14	-	_

14. Tangible Fixed Assets - Other Assets - Group

Total £	17,027,909	116,200	(183,439)	1 1	16,960,670	2,879,813	698,927	(126,610)	3,452,130	13,508,540	14,148,096
Other Equipment £	43,142 17	10,854	1 1		53,996 16	29,907	10,291	1	40,198 3	13,798 13	13,235 14
Fixtures and Fittings E	17,973	•	1 1	•	17,973	17,973	1	ı	17,973	1	is a second seco
Motor Vehicles £	165,059	,	(19,615)	•	145,444	115,339	11,155	(14,510)	111,984	33,460	49,720
Plant and Machinery £	145,050	24,494	(90,087)	•	79,457	108,154	14,083	(85,029)	37,208	42,249	36,896
Computer and Office Equipment	1,038,984	80,852	(28,737)	•	1,091,099	916,136	68,415	(27,071)	957,480	133,619	122,848
Commercial Properties £	598,500	ī	(45,000)	1	553,500	ı	1		1	553,500	598,500
Land and Buildings £	165,440	•		•	165,440	56,209	3,310	•	59,519	105,921	109,231
Heritable Property £	585,058	1	1 1	•	585,058	446,061	20,456		466,517	118,541	138,997
Kintyre Wind Project	14,229,547	ı		•	14,229,547	1,190,034	571,217		1,761,251	12,468,296	13,039,513
Assets under Construction	39,156	•	t t	1	39,156	ı	ı		1	39,156	39,156
\$00	At 1 April 2021 Additions in the	year Disposals in the	year – Revaluations	Transfers	At 31 March 2022	Depreciation At 1 April 2021 Charge for the	year Eliminated on	disposal	At 31 March 2022	Net Book Value At 31 March 2022	At 31 March 2021

FYNE HOMES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Total £	1,820,409 77,063	1,897,472	1,441,672	1,545,910	351,562
	Other Equipment	43,142 10,854	53,996	29,907	40,198	13,798
	Motor Vans	116,462	116,462	76,639	86,595	29,867 39,823
	Computer Equipment	505,394 66,033	571,427	455,155 56,423	511,578	59,849
	Office Equipment £	504,853 176	505,029	433,910 7,112	441,022	64,007 70,943
	Commercial Property £	65,500	65,500	1 1 1		65,500
ner Assets – Association	Heritable Property £	585,058	585,058	446,061 20,456	466,517	118,541 138,997
14. Tangible Fixed Assets - Other Assets – Association		Cost At 1 April 2021 Additions in year Disposals in year	At 31 March 2022	Depreciation At 1 April 2021 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal	At 31 March 2022	Net Book Value At 31 March 2022 At 31 March 2021

15. Investments

Association	2022	2021
	£	£
Investment in subsidiary undertakings	2	2
	h-	

During 2005, Fyne Homes Limited acquired 1 ordinary £1 share in Fyne Initiatives Limited, at par. This represents a 100% shareholding in Fyne Initiatives Limited, a company registered in Scotland, whose principal activities are the provision of design and build services to Fyne Homes Limited and the rental of commercial property.

The loss on ordinary activities after taxation of Fyne Initiatives Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 was £2,146 (2021: profit of £77,294). The net assets of Fyne Initiatives Limited as at 31 March 2022 was £44,110 (2021: £97,661).

Fyne Homes Limited controls Fyne Futures, a Scottish charity and company limited by guarantee, incorporated on 10 February 2005. Fyne Futures principal activities are focused on environmental sustainability, namely Reuse, Local Produce and Car Club activities which provide employment and training opportunities. The charitable company also delivers a Carbon Reduction programme and performs wider role activities providing support to a range of community regeneration projects across the operational area. The charitable company has been involved in numerous projects during the year; these were mainly, but not exclusively Bute Produce and Employment Training.

The surplus on ordinary activities of Fyne Futures for the year ended 31 March 2022 was £78,049 (2021: deficit of £77,062). The capital and reserves of Fyne Futures as of 31 March 2022 are £243,326 (2021: £165,277).

On 1 April 2016 a new subsidiary, Fyne Energy Limited, was incorporated. Fyne Homes Limited acquired 1 ordinary £1 share in Fyne Energy Limited, at par. This represents a 100% shareholding in Fyne Energy Limited, a company registered in Scotland, whose principal activities are electricity generation.

The profit on ordinary activities after taxation of Fyne Energy Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 was £107,317 (2021: loss of £174,828). The net assets of Fyne Energy Limited as of 31 March 2022 are £191,973 (2021: £351,322).

16. Stock: Shared equity housing units - Group

Cost	£
At 1 April 2021 Additions	202,613
Disposals: 1st tranche sales Disposals: derecognised	- (121,568) (81,045)
At 31 March 2022	· ·
SHG and Other Grants At 1 April 2021 Received during year	144,473
Disposals: 1st tranche sales Disposals: derecognised	(63,428) (81,045)
At 31 March 2022	-
Net book value At 31 March 2022	-
At 31 March 2021	58,140

16. Stock: Shared equity housing units – Group (continued)

The stock represents the net book value (costs less grants) of nil (2021: 1) NSSE (New Supply Shared Equity) housing units whose first tranches have still to be sold at Castle Street, Rothesay. Originally there were 25 shared equity units at Castle Street, Rothesay. The first tranche of 25 (2021: 24) of these shared equity units have now been sold and in line with the stated accounting policy the remaining cost and grant of these 25 (2021: 24) units has been derecognised.

17. Debtors

Group	2022 £	2021 £
Rental arrears Less: provision for bad debts	208,707 (151,595)	238,781 (151,595)
Amounts due from related parties Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	57,112 45,511 5,387 65,837 801,273	87,186 37,774 1,520 119,270 632,514 878,264
Association	2022 £	2021 £
Rental arrears Less: provision for bad debts	208,707 (151,595)	238,781 (151,595)
Amounts due from subsidiary undertakings Amounts due from related parties Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	57,112 785,745 45,511 47,725 221,967	87,186 548,017 37,774 56,481 279,498
	1,158,060	
Debtors due in more than one year	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts due from subsidiary undertakings	166,247	180,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

18. Cash and cash equivalents		
Group	2022 £	2021 £
Balances held in current accounts Balances held in deposit accounts	4,591,753 149,610	1,632,467 153,811
	4,741,363	1,786,278
Association	2022 £	2021 £
Balances held in current accounts Balances held in deposit accounts	4,122,344 149,610	1,269,629 153,811
	4,271,954	1,423,440
19. Creditors - amounts falling due within one year		
Group	2022 £	2021 £
Bank loans Break costs and arrangement fees to be amortised Triodos loan Argyll & Bute loan Trade creditors Contract retentions Accruals and deferred income Rent in advance PAYE/NIC creditor Other creditors Deferred Government capital grants (note 21) Deferred income Public benefit concessionary loan - Scottish Government loan	1,071,962 (49,754) 612,712 188,705 146,923 1,219,849 197,617 43,724 162,732 194,082 9,861 54,933	6,057,301 (60,388) 617,611 72,720 458,450 187,506 997,622 199,593 44,195 105,550 194,082 5,994 54,933

Outstanding retentions will be financed in due course either by further grants or additional loan funding. Included in accruals is £nil in respect of pension contributions to be paid to the various pension providers (2021: £nil).

19. Creditors - amounts falling due within one year (continued)

Association	2022 £	2021 £
Bank loans Break costs and arrangement fees to be amortised Trade creditors Contract retentions Accruals and deferred income Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings Rent in advance PAYE/NIC creditor HAG repayable Deferred Government capital grants (note 21) Public benefit concessionary loan - Scottish Government loan	1,071,962 (49,754) 181,780 146,923 840,645 11,099 197,617 41,415 125,550 194,082 54,933	6,057,301 (60,388) 229,542 187,506 657,805 198,587 199,593 42,324 105,550 194,082 54,933 7,866,835
	<u> </u>	

Outstanding retentions will be financed in due course either by further grants or additional loan funding. Included in accruals is £nil in respect of pension contributions to be paid to the various pension providers (2021: £nil).

The Scottish Government Loan is a public benefit concessionary loan and is repayable with no interest charged over the next 3 years. There is no security held against this loan.

20. Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year

Group	2022 £	2021 £
Bank loans	22,122,991	14,592,216
Break costs and arrangement fees to be amortised	(774,321)	(796,219)
Triodos loan	11,461,594	12,073,559
Deferred Government capital grants (note 21)	11,907,185	12,023,813
Deferred income	27,602	21,531
Public benefit concessionary loan - Scottish Government loan	109,867	164,799
	44,854,918	38,079,699
Association	2022	2021
•	£	£
Bank loans	22,122,991	14,592,216
Break costs and arrangements fees to be amortised	(774,321)	(796,219)
Deferred Government capital grants (note 21)	11,907,185	12,023,813
Public benefit concessionary loan - Scottish Government loan	109,867	164,799
	33,365,722	25,984,609

20. Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

Group and Association

Bank loans are secured by specific charges on the Association's properties and are repayable at varying rates of interest including SONIA with margins of 0.65% to 1.95%, BASE with margin of 0.65% and fixed rate loans with rates between 2.43% to 6.39%. The above bank loans are due as follows:

	and fixed rate loans with rates between 2.43% to 6.39%. The above	bank loans are due 2022 £	e as follows: 2021 £
	Bank loans (Association) Between one and two years Between two and five years In five years or more	1,413,281 4,075,341 16,634,369	1,119,171 3,488,053 9,984,992
		22,122,991	14,592,216
	Tridos loan Between one and two years Between two and five years Greater than five years	635,132 1,919,385 8,907,077	1,248,830 1,190,236 9,634,493
		11,461,594	12,073,559
21a.	Deferred Government capital grants – Group and Association	2022 £	2021 £
	At 1 April 2021 Grants received in year Released to income in year	12,217,895 77,454 (194,082)	12,199,376 212,601 (194,082)
	At 31 March 2022	12,101,267	12,217,895
		2022 £	2021 £
	Due within one year Between one and two years Between two and five years In five years or more	194,082 194,082 582,246 11,130,857 	194,082 194,082 582,246 11,247,485 ————————————————————————————————————
21b.	Deferred taxation	***************************************	
	At beginning of year Charge in the year		2022 £ 154,830 169,540
	At end of year		324,370
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
	Fixed asset timing differences Losses and other deductions		£ 825,221 (500,851)
			324,370

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

22a	Share Capital – Group and Association		
& & CI 1	onare suprar - Group and Association	2022	2021
		£	£
	Shares of £1 each issued and fully paid		
	At 1 April 2021	99	105
	Issued during year	1	-
	Shares forfeited in year	(7)	(6)
	At 31 March 2022	93	99

Each share has the right to one vote. There is no right to receive any dividends or any distribution on wind up.

22b. Revenue reserve

The revenue reserve represents the cumulative surpluses and deficits.

23. Net cash flow from operating activities	23.	Net cash flow from	operating	activities
---	-----	--------------------	-----------	------------

Group	2022 £	2021 £
Surplus for the year Adjustments for non-cash items:	1,118,640	1,353,359
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets including loss on disposal of components Carrying amount of housing property Carrying amount of other fixed asset disposals Revaluation of fixed assets Shared equity housing unit disposed Increase in debtors (Decrease) in creditors SHAPS past service deficit liability movements Strathclyde Pension Scheme pension liability Taxation	2,200,560 13,991 56,829 - 58,140 (96,856) (23,428) 74,322 15,000 169,540	1,929,576 72,500 8,461 (15,000) 63,070 750,760 (69,494) 17,397 12,000 (1,520)
Tax paid Release of deferred Government Capital Grant	- (194,082)	- (194,082)
Adjustments for investing and financing activities: Proceeds from disposal of tangible fixed assets Interest receivable Interest payable Cancelled share capital	(20,000) - 1,028,692 (7)	(178,050) (1,000) 1,310,516 (6)
Net cash generated from operating activities	4,401,341	5,058,487

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

23.	Net cash flow from operating activities (continued)		
	Association	2022 £	2021 £
	Surplus for the year <u>Adjustments for non-cash items</u> : Depreciation of tangible fixed assets including loss on disposal of	1,253,491	1,508,601
	components Carrying amount of housing property disposals (Increase)/decrease in debtors Decrease in creditors SHAPS past service deficit liability movements Strathclyde Pension Scheme pension liability Release of deferred Government Capital Grant	1,605,871 13,991 (135,351) (75,876) 74,322 15,000 (194,082)	1,335,799 72,500 428,822 (187,569) 17,397 12,000 (194,082)
	Adjustments for investing and financing activities: Proceeds from disposal of tangible fixed assets Interest payable Interest received Cancelled share capital	(20,000) 546,482 (16,915) (7)	(178,050) 552,808 (18,106) (6)
	Net cash generated from operating activities	3,066,926	3,350,114

24. Revenue Commitments

At 31 March 2022 the group had outstanding commitments for the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

Group	2022 Premises £	2021 Premises £
Not later than one year	120,917	149,769
Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years	395,598 1,500,579	512,776 2,017,957
	2,017,094	2,680,502
Association	2022	2021
	Premises	Premises
	£	£
Not later than one year	26,660	32,530
Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years	44,850	67,260
Later than live years	19,250	28,435
	90,760	128,225

25.	Capital Commitments – Group and Association	2022 £	2021 £
	Capital expenditure which has been contracted for but has not been provided for in the financial statements	112,309	205,289
	This is to be funded by:	And the state of t	
	Funding from the Scottish Government Other grants Private finance	112,309	- 205,289
		112,309	205,289

26. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued)

Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS)

General

Fyne Homes Limited participates in the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (the "Scheme"). The Scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme. The Scheme is funded and is contracted out of the state pension scheme.

The Scheme offers six benefit structures to employers, namely:

- Final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate.
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/60th accrual rate.
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/70th accrual rate.
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/80th accrual rate.
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/120th accrual rate, contracted in; and
- Defined Contribution (DC) option.

An employer can elect to operate different benefit structures for their active members (as at the first day of April in any given year) and their new entrants. The DC option can be introduced by the employer on the first day of any month after giving a minimum of three months prior notice.

From 1 April 2011, Fyne Homes Limited has operated the career average revalued earnings with a 1/120th accrual rate benefit.

The Trustee commissions an actuarial valuation of the Scheme every 3 years. The main purpose of the valuation is to determine the financial position of the Scheme in order to determine the level of future contributions required so that the Scheme can meet its pension obligations as they fall due.

The actuarial valuation assesses whether the Scheme's assets at the valuation date are likely to be sufficient to pay the pension benefits accrued by members as at the valuation date. Asset values are calculated by reference to market levels. Accrued pension benefits are valued by discounting expected future benefit payments using a discount rate calculated by reference to the expected future investment returns.

During the accounting period, Fyne Homes Limited paid contributions at the rate of 8.75% of pensionable salaries. Employee contributions were 6.65%.

26. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued)

General (continued)

In addition to these contributions, £267,322 per SHAPS report (2021: £283,397) was paid in the year.

As at the Statement of Financial Position date there were 34 (2021: 34) active members of the Scheme employed by Fyne Homes Limited. Fyne Homes Limited continues to offer membership of the Scheme to its employees.

The last triennial valuation of the Scheme for funding purposes was carried out as at 30 September 2018. This valuation revealed a deficit of £121m. A Recovery Plan has been put in place to eliminate the deficit which runs to 30 September 2022 for the majority of employers, although certain employers have different arrangements.

If an actuarial valuation reveals a shortfall of assets compared to liabilities the Trustee must prepare a recovery plan setting out the steps to be taken to make up the shortfall.

The key valuation assumptions used to determine the assets and liabilities of the Scheme as at 30 September 2018 are detailed below:

The SHAPS is accounted for as a defined benefit pension scheme from 1 April 2018 onwards. In accordance with FRS 102 section 28, the operating and financing costs of pension and post retirement schemes (determined by TPT) are recognised separately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Service costs are systematically spread over the service lives of the employees and financing costs are recognised in the period in which they arise. The difference between actual and expected returns on assets during the year, including changes in the actuarial assumptions, is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

In May 2021 the Scheme Trustee (TPT Retirement Solutions) notified employers of a review of historic scheme benefit changes, and this review has raised legal questions regarding whether and when some historic benefit changes should take effect, the outcome of which could give rise to an increase in liabilities for some employers. The Scheme Trustee has determined that it is prudent to seek clarification from the Court on these items. This process is ongoing, and the matter is unlikely to be resolved before late 2024 at the earliest.

On 4 May 2022 the Scheme Trustee issued an update to employers which included an estimate of the potential total additional liabilities at the total scheme level, on a Technical Provisions basis. However, until Court directions are received, it is not possible to calculate the impact of this issue on an individual employer basis with any accuracy and therefore the potential impact is not reflected in the year end carrying value of the SHAPS pension scheme.

26. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued)

Present values of defined benefit obligation, fair value of assets and defined benefit liability

	31 March 2022 £000	31 March 2021 £000
Fair value of plan assets	11,789	10,995
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(11,886)	(12,150)
Defined benefit liability to be recognised	(97)	(1,155)
Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation		

Year ended 31

Year ended

	March 2022 £'000	31 March 2021 £'000
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	(12,150)	(9,670)
Current service cost	(155)	(103)
Expenses	(8)	(9)
Interest cost	(266)	(230)
Contribution by plan participants	(67)	(72)
Actuarial (losses)/gains due to scheme experience	(317)	37
Actuarial losses due to changes in demographic assumptions	(36)	-
Actuarial gains/(losses) due to changes in financial assumptions	975	(2,174)
Benefits paid and expenses	138	71
Defined benefit liability at the end of the period	(11,886)	(12,150)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of plan assets

Year ended 31 March 2022 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2021 £'000
10,995	9,567
243	231
266	818
356	378
67	72
(138)	(71)
11,789	10,995
	£'000 10,995 243 266 356 67 (138)

26. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued)

Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Year ended 31 March 2022 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2021 £'000
Current service cost Admin expenses	155 8	103 9
Net interest expense	23	(1)
Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income	186	111
	Year ended 31 March 2022 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2021 £'000
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost – gain	266	818
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities – (loss)/gain Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the	(317)	37
present value of the defined benefit obligation – (loss) Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present	(36)	-
value of the defined benefit obligation – gain/ (loss)	975	(2,174)
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income – gain/(loss)	888	(1,319)
Fund allocation for employer's calculated share of assets	31 March 2022 £'000	31 March 2021 £'000
Global Equity Absolute Return Distressed Opportunities Credit Relative Value Alternative Risk Premia Emerging Markets Debt Risk Sharing Insurance-Linked Securities Property Infrastructure Private Debt Opportunistic Illiquid Credit Corporate Bond Fund Liquid credit Long Lease Property Secured Income Over 15 Year Gilts Liability Driven Investment Net Current Assets High Yield Currency Hedging Opportunistic Credit	2,331 540 423 378 487 439 384 247 305 736 297 391 745 75 340 630 5 2,852 38 115 (43)	1,701 542 376 317 441 443 393 230 197 614 259 282 829 190 255 604 5 2,643 82 288
Cash	41 33	300 4
Total Assets	11,789	10,995

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

26. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued)

The main financial assumptions used by the Scheme Actuary, TPT, in their FRS 102 calculations are as follows:

Assumptions as at	31 March 2022 % Per annum
Discount rate Inflation (RPI) Inflation (CPI) Salary growth Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	2.79 3.57 3.19 4.19 75% of
	maximum allowance

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2022 imply the following life expectancies:

	Life expectancy at age 65 (years)
Male retiring in 2022	21.6
Female retiring in 2022	23.9
Male retiring in 2042	22.9
Female retiring in 2042	25.4

Life expectancy is based on the Fund's VitaCurves with improvements in line with the CMI 2017 model with an allowance for smoothing of recent mortality experience and long-term rates of 1.25% p.a. for males and 1% p.a. for females.

Member data summary

Active members	Number	Total earnings	Average age
		(£'000s p.a.)	(unweighted)
Males	11	371	48
Females	23	736	50
Total	34	1,108	49
Deferred members			
	Number	Deferred pensions (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
Males	4	39	55
Females	11	41	52
Total	15	80	53
Pensioners			
	Number	Pensions (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
Males	8	` 46	71
Females	14	36	67
Total	22	82	69

26. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued)

Employers' debt on withdrawal

Following a change in legislation in September 2005 there is a potential debt on the employer that could be levied by the Trustee of the Scheme. The debt is due in the event of the employer ceasing to participate in the Scheme or the Scheme winding up. The debt for the Scheme as a whole is calculated by comparing the liabilities for the Scheme (calculated on a buy-out basis i.e. the cost of securing benefits by purchasing annuity policies from an insurer, plus an allowance for expenses) with the assets of the Scheme. If the liabilities exceed assets there is a buy-out debt.

The leaving employer's share of the buy-out debt is the proportion of the Scheme's liability attributable to employment with the leaving employer compared to the total amount of the Scheme's liabilities (relating to employment with all the employers). The leaving employer's debt therefore includes a share of any 'orphan' liabilities in respect of previously participating employers. The amount of the debt therefore depends on many factors including total Scheme liabilities, Scheme investment performance, the liabilities in respect of current and former employees of the employer, financial conditions at the time of the cessation event and the insurance buy-out market. The amounts of debt can therefore be volatile over time.

The Association has been notified by the Pensions Trust of the estimated employer debt on withdrawal from the Scheme based on the financial position of the Scheme as of 30 September 2021. As of this date the estimated employer debt for the Association was £5,712,489 (2021: £8,275,849).

27. Pensions - other

Scottish Life

From 1 April 2011, members of the SHAPS scheme have the option to join the "top up" scheme Fyne Homes Limited has with Scottish Life. Employee contribution is their choice, and the employer contribution is 2%.

Royal London Auto Enrolment scheme

The group operate a defined contribution auto enrolment pension scheme. For 2021/22, the employee contribution was 5% and the employer contribution was 3%. This will remain the same for 2022/23.

Strathclyde Pension Fund

Fyne Homes Limited participates in the Strathclyde Pension Fund which is a statutory multi-employer defined benefit scheme. It is administered by Glasgow City Council in accordance with the Local Government Pension Scheme (Scotland) Regulations 1998, as amended.

From 1 April 2015, the scheme changed from a 1/60th annual scheme to a care 1/45th annual scheme.

27. Pensions - other (continued)

Strathclyde Pension Fund

The main financial assumptions used by the Council's Actuary, Hymans Robertson, in their FRS 102 calculations are as follows:

Assumptions as at	31 March	31 March
	2022	2021
Inflation / Pension Increase Rate	3.30%	2.85%
Salary increases	4.00%	3.55%
Discount rate	2.70%	1.95%

Mortality

Life expectancy is based on the Fund's VitaCurves with improvements in line with CMI 2021 Model, with a 0% weighting of 2021 data, standard smoothing (Sk7), initial adjustment of 0.25% and a long-term rate of improvement of 1.5% p.a. Based on these assumptions, the average future life expectancies at age 65 are summarised below:

	Males	Females
Current Pensioners	19.6 years	22.4 years
Future Pensioners	21.0 years	24.5 years

The following details relate to Fyne Homes Limited and show the fair value of the assets, analysed over the main asset classes, together with the expected returns for each asset class.

Scheme assets

The assets in the scheme and the expected rate of return were: -

	Value at	Value at
	31 March	31 March
	2022	2021
	£000	£000
Fair value of plan assets	4,321	3,928
Present value of funded liabilities	(4,767)	(4,840)
Net pension liability	(446)	(912)
•		

Pensions - other (continued)		
Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation	As at 31 Mar 2022	As at 31 Mar 2021
	(£'000)	(£'000)
Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	4,840	3,635
Current Service Cost	189	134
Changes in demographic assumptions	(30)	~
Other experience	11	~
Interest Cost	95	84
Plan participants' contributions	25	25
Changes in financial assumptions	(251)	1,072
Benefits Paid	(112)	(110)
Closing Defined Benefit Obligation	4,767	4,840
Reconciliation of fair value of employer assets		
	As at 31 Mar 2022 (£'000)	As at 31 Mar 2021 (£'000)
Opening Fair Value of Employer Assets	3,928	3,094
Interest income on plan assets	77	72
Plan participants contributions	25	25
Contributions by the Employer	174	122
Return on assets excluding amounts included in net interest	229	725
Benefits Paid	(112)	(110)
Closing Fair Value of Employer Assets	4,321	3,928
Net pension liability	(446)	(912)
	Value at	Value at
	31 March	31 March
	2022	2021
	£000	£000
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net intere	st	
cost - gain	229	709
Other experience gains and losses – (loss)	(11)	(243)
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation – gain	30	97
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the prese value of the defined benefit obligation – gain/(loss)	nt 251	(910)
Total amount recognised in other second second		***************************************
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income – gain (loss)/	499	(347)

27. Pensions (continued)

Analysis of amounts included in Statement of Comprehensive Income

	As at 31 Mar 2022 (£'000)	As at 31 Mar 2021 (£'000)
Current service cost Contributions	189 (174)	134 (122)
Total operating charge	15	12
Net Interest cost	18	12

28. Related party transactions

InspirAlba Limited

InspirAlba Limited is a related party as the former Chief Executive (resigned 31 March 2022) and Business Services Director of the Association are Board members of InspirAlba Limited. InspirAlba Limited is a company limited by guarantee.

At the Statement of Financial Position date, the Group and Association was owed £45,511 (2021: £37,774) by InspirAlba Limited in respect of salary costs. This is included in debtors.

During the year £3,600 (2021: £5,433) was charged to InspirAlba Limited for office rental costs.

During the year, a management fee of £2,000 (2021: £nil) was charged by Fyne Homes to cover administrative and finance support provided.

Board members

The Association has Board members who are also tenants. The total rent received in the year relating to tenant Board members is £10,367 (2021: £10,328). The total rent arrears relating to tenant Board members included within debtors at the year-end is £82 (2021: £82). There is £nil (2021: £ nil) of rents in advance included in creditors.

29. Legislative Provisions

The Association is incorporated under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.

Fyne Futures, Fyne Initiatives Limited and Fyne Energy Limited are incorporated under the Companies Act 2006.

30. Contingent asset - Fyne Energy Limited

The company is in discussions with Enercon, being the company that is contracted to maintain the turbines, in relation to compensation to be paid to the company by Enercon in respect of downtime during the financial year which resulted in lost income to the company. Once these negotiations have concluded, an insurance claim will be submitted in respect of lost income not covered by the company's agreement with Enercon for the year ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2022. At the year end the amount that will be received by the company is uncertain, however we have accrued £126,946 in respect of the 2019/20 and 2020/21 unavailability compensation.

